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沖縄大学

一般入試(中期)

「英語」

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・人文学部 国際コミュニケーション学科／福祉文化学科／こども文化学科

問1. 次の英文の () 内に入る語 (句) として最も適したものを、a~d の中から一つ選び、解答欄に記入しなさい。

1. (), I don't like physical education.
a. To get the truth b. To tell the truth c. To say the truth d. To make it true
2. To take too () sugar is not good for your health.
a. many b. much c. lots of d. more
3. This is the place () we met for the first time.
a. which b. what c. when d. where
4. The bag was () heavy that she couldn't carry it.
a. such b. much c. so d. too
5. I heard the doorbell (). Go and see who it is.
a. sound b. ring c. sing d. seek
6. The picnic was () because it rained.
a. put off b. put on c. put away d. put out
7. Since the bus was (), I had to stand all the way.
a. crowded b. driving c. dangerous d. very slow
8. She always tells me, "You must take care of ()."
a. myself b. yourself c. herself d. oneself
9. We had to wait in the rain () she came.
a. below b. until c. in d. by
10. Please, choose from two classes. One is in the afternoon and the () is in the evening.
a. other b. one another c. another d. others
11. That's very kind () you to have helped me carry my bag.
a. to b. at c. of d. in
12. I am looking forward to () you soon!
a. see b. seeing c. saw d. have seen

13. Don't forget () me.
 a. to email b. emailing c. email d. emailed
14. Do you know the boy () to that man?
 a. talk b. talking c. talks d. talked
15. Would you mind () this door?
 a. to close b. closing c. closed d. close
16. Do you think so? Well, my opinion is a little different () yours.
 a. into b. across c. by d. from
17. This park is so beautiful. It is always filled () a lot of flowers and trees.
 a. by b. into c. beside d. with
18. It is not good to eat () meals. You might get fat and unhealthy. Just take three meals a day.
 a. beside b. inside c. within d. between
19. "The movie was really funny, ()?" "Yes, I enjoyed it very much."
 a. wasn't it b. didn't it c. was it d. did it
20. She () her brother for a long time. She misses him very much.
 a. haven't seen b. shouldn't seen c. hasn't seen d. hadn't seen

問.2 次の会話文の(1)~(5)に入る最も適切な表現をそれぞれの選択肢 a)~e)の中から一つずつ選び、アルファベットで答えなさい。

A: Hi! (1).

B: Yeah. How was your winter vacation?

A: It was great. I went to New York and saw my sister there.

B: How wonderful! (2)

A: We sure did! We went shopping—mostly window shopping—and we visited a lot of art galleries and museums.

B: Oh, I didn't know you're a museum lover.

A: (3) It's my sister's hobby but I enjoyed it. How about you? Did you enjoy your vacation?

B: It was OK but I was busy with my part-time job.

A: I see. (4)

B: I was a waiter and washed dishes sometimes, too.

A: Did you save a lot of money?

B: No, I didn't save any money.

A: Oh really? Why is that?

B: I spent it all getting my driver's license.

A: (5)

- a) I'm not really.
- b) That's a big accomplishment!
- c) Did you have a good time there?
- d) I haven't seen you for a long time.
- e) What did you do?

問3. 次の英文を読んで1~5の間に答えなさい。太字で示されている語句には注が付されています。

How the Brain Works While You Are Sleeping

Humans need sleep to maintain their mental and physical health. During sleep, the brain organizes all the information it has taken in during the day. This information is organized and then **stored** in the brain as memories. We experience this **organization** and storing as "dreaming."

However, the brain does not only dream while we sleep. It also cleans itself. ①**It** has to do this because the brain is not connected to the **lymphatic system**: the body system that sends out "cleaning **chemicals**" to all body parts. Instead, the brain has its own cleaning system, called the **glymphatic system**. During sleep, the glymphatic system sends out cleaning chemicals especially for the brain. **Cells and connections** "open wide" for these chemicals to **flow** through and reach all parts of the brain. These cleaning chemicals get rid of all bad chemicals there.

(A), when we wake up in the morning, we have **benefitted** in many ways. The brain has organized and stored all its information through dreaming. Also, it has become clean and fresh through its glymphatic system. When we wake, our minds are cleaned, fresh and ready to become **productive**.

(B), it is very harmful to lose too much sleep. It has bad effects on both the body and mind. Scientists have researched these effects. In their experiments, people without enough sleep had lost the ability to work well or remember things. Young people had gained weight. Moreover, they had developed poor study skills.

This is why everyone needs enough rest to dream, rest, and allow their brains to clean

themselves.

(Adapted from *Elixir 3*, The Editorial Department of Keiryusha, Keiryusha, 2014)

(注)

stored 保存される organization 整理 lymphatic system リンパ系[体の循環システム]
chemical 化学物質 glymphatic system グリンパティック系[脳の循環システム] cell 細胞
connection 脳細胞間の結合 flow 流れる benefit 恩恵を受ける
productive 元気な・生産的な

1. 下線部①の It が指すものを a)~d)から選び、記号で答えなさい。

- a) the information b) the brain
- c) the lymphatic system d) the glymphatic system

2. 人間の睡眠中に行われる脳の活動を a)~d)から一つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

- a) 1日に摂取したすべての栄養の保存
- b) 1日に吸収したすべての情報の整理
- c) 1日の活動に使われたエネルギーの保存
- d) 1日に見る夢の時間の長さと同数の計測

3. 十分な睡眠が取れていない人々は、どのようなトラブルを引き起こすか。30字前後の日本語で述べなさい。

4. 次の a)~d)の文で、本文の内容と合っているものを T、異なっているものを F として、解答欄に書きなさい。

- a) Humans should sleep only to keep their mental health during the day.
- b) The brain has a lymphatic system to organize and store information.
- c) Cleaning chemicals through the glymphatic system removes bad chemicals in the brain.
- d) It is healthy to lose much sleep, so humans can be very productive during the day.

5. (A)(B)に入る語句を a)~d)から選び、記号で答えなさい。

- a) On the other hand b) By the way c) In this way d) Once upon a time

問4. 次の英文を読んで、1~5の間に答えなさい。太字で示されている語句には注が付されています。

Cell Phones

Have you ever heard about (1)cell/mobile phone dependency? In Japan it is called “*keitai izonsho*.” So many people are now using cell phones in their daily lives that a test has been made to check whether they have become addicted to using cell phone. It seems that if you answer “yes” four times or more to the following questions, you are probably one of them.

1. You check your mobile phone first in the morning.
2. You get anxious when you leave your phone at home.
3. You check for **text message** and missed calls even though the phone hasn't rung.
4. You take your phone to the toilet.
5. When you sit down, the first thing you do is to put your phone on the table or desk.
6. If you don't get a reply for a text message you have sent within an hour, you may get worried or angry.
7. You avoid underground because your phone might not receive calls or messages there.
8. You check what time it is by looking at your phone.
9. You feel depressed if you don't receive calls or text messages.
10. You put at least one **pictorial symbol** in every two lines of a text message.

(How did you do on the test? Have you become a mobile phone addict?)

Did you hear about the news service called “Face Check (*Kaocheki*)”? It is intended to tell you what **celebrities** you look like. Just take a picture of yourself with your cell phone camera and then mail it to male@kaocheki.jp for men and female@kaocheki.jp for women. The company then scans your face and **dispatches** back to you three celebrities that you may resemble. Already, 15 million users have used this service.

A cell phone is not always a good thing. The use of a cell phone can get a person in trouble. In June of 2007, (2)a 34-year-old man was arrested. He **violated** a law which **prohibits** the use of cell phones in planes. The arrest was made because the man took a **threatening attitude** by telling cabin attendants to “shut up” when they warned him against using the phone. It was the first **arrest** of its kind since a January 2004 **revision** of **the Aviation Law**.

(3)Airlines are concerned about children's cell phones that have a built-in crime **prevention** function that automatically restarts the phone if it is switched off. Those phones could **interfere with** navigation systems. NTT Do Co Mo sold about 390,000 units by April 2007, and KDDI Corp has introduced similar models with the same function.

With the touch of a finger, cell phones can put you on a diet, let you **surf the Web**, watch a movie, take a picture, listen to a song or talk on the phone. New functions are being created all the time. But be careful, Don't become addicted to using them all the time!

(Adapted from: *The Human Touch*, edit. by Wayne I. Phillips and Fujio Naoko, Asahi Shuppansha, 2012)

(注)

text message メール pictorial symbol 絵文字 celebrities 有名人 dispatch 発送する
violate (法や規則などを) 破る prohibit 禁じる threatening attitude 脅迫的な態度
revision 修正・改正 the Aviation Law (航空機や乗客を守るために制定された) 航空法
arrest 逮捕 prevention 防止 interfere with~ ~を妨げる surf the ウェブをサーフィンする (サイトをあちこち見る)

1. 下線部(1)cell phone dependencyとはどのようなものか、1)~4)から最も適切なものを選び、番号で答えなさい。
 - 1) 携帯の機種への過度なこだわり
 - 2) 携帯使用規制への拒否
 - 3) 携帯使用への過剰な執着
 - 4) 携帯依存からの脱却の試み

2. 本文の 1.~10.の questions の内容の中に無いものはどれか、a)~d) から選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - a) 時刻が何時かを、主として携帯で確認する。
 - b) 携帯使用やメール受信が不可能な場所を避ける。
 - c) メール返信が一時間以内になければ怒る。
 - d) 自分のメールのすべての行に絵文字を入れる。

3. *Kaocheki* (顔チェキ) とはどんなサービスか、日本語で述べなさい。(30 字前後)

4. 下線部 (2) の男性はどんな行動を取り、そしてどうなったか、日本語で述べなさい。(30 字前後)

5. 下線部 (3) で、航空会社が子どもたちの携帯機能のどんな点を心配しているのか、a)~d)から選び、記号で答えなさい。
 - a) 携帯が切れると、犯罪防止システムが自動的に働かなくなる
 - b) 携帯が切れると、犯罪防止システムが働き航空機の飛行に支障が出る
 - c) 携帯が切れても、航空システム全体にはよい影響が出ない
 - d) 携帯が切れても、航空システム保全のために犯罪防止ができない

問 5. [英作文] 50~80 語 (単語の数) の英語で、あなたの自己紹介を書きなさい。