

2017年度

沖縄大学

一般入試(前期)

「英語」

・法経学部 法経学科

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問1. 次の英文の ( ) 内に入る語 (句) として最も適したものを、a~d の中から一つ選び、解答欄に記入しなさい。

1. Let me know if there is ( ) you want.  
a. however      b. something      c. nothing      d. whatever
2. I wonder ( ) a banana is a fruit or a vegetable.  
a. because      b. if      c. that      d. why
3. Keiko is satisfied ( ) the result of the final examination.  
a. for      b. in      c. to      d. with
4. My brother ( ) coffee when I entered the living room.  
a. drinks      b. drank      c. is drinking      d. was drinking
5. Mr. Gordon was shocked ( ) hear that his daughter was hit by a car.  
a. and      b. because      c. that      d. to
6. Jane listened to her boyfriend's story ( ) her eyes shining.  
a. in      b. on      c. to      d. with
7. Frankly ( ), I'm not interested in that movie.  
a. saying      b. speaking      c. talking      d. thinking
8. Do you mind ( ) this baggage to my room?  
a. carried      b. carry      c. carrying      d. to carry
9. Takuma didn't pass the test because he ( ).  
a. must not study      b. must be studied  
c. hadn't studied      d. hasn't studied
10. Let's start the meeting when Tom ( ).  
a. comes      b. may come      c. will come      d. would come
11. How ( ) have you lived in New York?  
a. far      b. long      c. many      d. much

12. As he has a cold, he has a sore throat and a high ( ).  
a. fever                      b. head                      c. headache                      d. heat
13. Because Teresa had failed in the test, she was very ( ).  
a. disappointed                      b. disappointing  
c. satisfied                      d. satisfying
14. Kenji kicked the soccer ball too hard by ( ), and he broke the window.  
a. careless                      b. failure                      c. mistake                      d. purpose
15. Mr. Jason told the class to stop chattering and pay ( ).  
a. attention                      b. decision                      c. money                      d. textbooks
16. EU ( ) the European Union.  
a. calls for                      b. makes for                      c. stands for                      d. takes for
17. My father is really ( ): he always takes things positively.  
a. emergent                      b. emotional                      c. optimistic                      d. optic
18. The hotels in Okinawa in summer are very busy and it's hard to find ( ) rooms.  
a. enough                      b. handy                      c. necessary                      d. vacant
19. My grandmother looked happy ( ) her garden was full of beautiful flowers.  
a. at                      b. despite                      c. since                      d. with
20. Oh, no! There ( ) milk in the fridge. I have to go to the grocery.  
a. aren't some                      b. aren't more  
c. isn't any                      d. isn't no
21. Our new company building ( ) and the construction work is going to finish by December.  
a. being build                      b. is being built  
c. is built                      d. has been build
22. He was so exhausted and fell asleep ( ) he was reading a newspaper.

a. since          b. then          c. whether      d. while

23. I am awfully thirsty! Please give me (          ).

- a. anything drink to                      b. some to drink to  
c. to any drink                              d. something to drink

24. "Did you buy some notebooks yesterday?"

"No, I'm going to buy (          ) tomorrow."

- a. a few          b. another      c. any          d. it

25. We need some bread. We're going to buy (          ).

- a. one bread                                  b. one loaf of bread  
c. two breads                                  d. two loaf of bread

問2. 次の会話文の(1)~(5)に入る最も適切な表現をそれぞれの選択肢 a)~e)の中から一つずつ選び、アルファベットで答えなさい。

A: Mei, do you know some good places to buy sportswear?

B: (1     ) You know I've been playing tennis and I love other sports, too.

A: Yeah, I know that and I think you are the very person to ask.

B: Well, I usually go to a shop that focuses on tennis items. But I recommend one place selling good sportswear in general.

A: Really? (2     ) I don't want to spend a lot, though.

B: (3     ) And you can trust the quality of the goods, Mami.

A: Sounds wonderful. Where is it?

B: It's in Naha, close to the Tembusu Plaza, on Kokusai Street. What do you need to buy exactly?

A: I want a swimming suit for the summer camp in Miyako. (4     ) Then you can help me choose a good one.

B: Sure. I'd love to do that. Do you have free time next Friday?

A: I have no classes scheduled that day. What about 2 p.m. just in front of the Tembusu Plaza?

B: 2 p.m. would be OK, but my brother is using my car that day, so (5     ) Can we meet at the school library at 1:30?

A: No problem! Then I'll be there and pick you up.

B: OK. Thank you.

A: Thank you, too. Bye.

- a) I'd like you to give me a ride.
- b) It always offers reasonable prices.
- c) Sure I do.
- d) What's it like?
- e) Will you come with me?

問3. 次の英文を読んで、1~3 の間に答えなさい。太字で示されている語句には、注が付されています。

### The Ainu Language is Forever

Ainu is the language spoken by Ainu people. Many place names in Hokkaido come from the Ainu language. For example, the name Sapporo, Hokkaido's capital city, means "dry area" in Ainu. The stories behind many of these place names are found in a well-known **anthology** of Ainu legends called "**Yukar.**"

The Ainu were the first people in Japan. We could even call them the first Japanese, but this would be **discriminatory** since it denies their true ethnic identity. Originally, the Ainu lived in all parts of Japan, but they were gradually pushed to the north by later settlers.

There are only about 150,000 Ainu people today. Intermarriage between Japanese and Ainu means that "ethnically pure" Ainu are very few. Some people of Ainu origin do not even know they are Ainu because their parents kept the Ainu connection a secret.

Many Ainu people don't like the word "Ainu" because it means "human" in the Ainu language. They would prefer to be called "**Utari,**" meaning "**comrade.**" This dislike is a result of the **discrimination** that the Ainu have experienced for a long time.

In the past, the Japanese government attempted to wipe out Ainu culture. During **the Meiji Restoration,** the government encouraged the people in different parts of Japan to move to Hokkaido in order to "**unify**" the country. In 1899, a law to announce the Ainu as "**former aborigines**" was passed, so the image of their life and culture was badly damaged.

The Nibutani (二風谷) is a community where Ainu people live. Many of the native Ainu language speakers lived there, but by the late 1980s there were just one hundred speakers left and only fifteen of them used the language every day.

Many Japanese thought that the Ainu people were a **dying race** and that their language was being lost, so they decided to fight against that image. Ainu language rights groups wanted the Japanese government to support the **right to self-determination** of the Ainu language. And the United Nations told Japan to make efforts to help save the Ainu language. In 1997, the Japanese government **partially** accepted the Ainu should be recognized as an **ethnic minority.** But it took until June 6, 2008, for the Ainu people to be fully recognized as an **indigenous**

**group** with the right to be protected from discrimination.

(Adapted from *Multicultural Japan*, Carolyn Wright et al., Nanundo, 2010)

(注) anthology 作品集 Yukar 『ユーカラ』。アイヌの叙事詩集 discriminatory 差別的な  
Utari ウタリ。アイヌ語で同胞の意 comrade 同胞・仲間 discrimination 差別  
the Meiji Restoration 明治維新  
“unify” 「統合する＝一つにする」(引用符“ ”は「統合」と呼ぶことへの疑念を示す)  
“former aborigines” 「先住民＝旧土人」。その法の名は「北海道旧土人保護法」。1997年に廃止。  
ethnic minorities 少数民族 declare 宣言する dying race 滅びゆく人種  
language rights groups 言語権利団体 right to self-determination 自己決定(自治)権  
partially 部分的には indigenous group 先住(もともとそこに住んでいた)民族

1. アイヌの人々はもともとどこで暮らしており、どうして北海道に住むようになったか、40字以内の日本語で答えなさい。
  2. アイヌの人々は「アイヌ」と呼ばれることを好まないとあるが、ではどのようにしてほしいと希望しているか、30字以内の日本語で答えなさい。
  3. 次の a)~d)の文で、本文の内容と合っているものを T、異なっているものを F として、解答欄に書きなさい。
    - a) The Japanese government has never tried to accept the Ainu people's language and culture.
    - b) Calling the Ainu people “the first Japanese” is based on the respect for them.
    - c) In the late 1980s, only fifteen Ainu people in Nibutani spoke their own language daily.
    - d) The Ainu people finally couldn't fight against the image of themselves as a dying race.
- 問4. 次の英文を読んで、1~3 の間に答えなさい。太字で示されている語句には、注が付されています。

#### The Gundam Suit

Even if you are not an enthusiastic fan of “Mobile Suit Gundam, ” you may be **fascinated** with a real mobile suit that a professor at the University of Tsukuba, Dr. Sankai, has developed. It is not as big as Gundam, ( 1 ) does it let you fly in the air, but it certainly helps people.

When you wear this mobile suit, Robot Suit Hal, it assists the movement and increases the function of your body. You may wonder ( 2 ) it is operated when you are wearing it. ( 3 ) to Dr. Sankai,(4) it reads your brain. Here is the secret and the amazing part of this new creation: When you try to move a muscle, a nerve signal is sent from the brain and slightly changes the **voltage** of the electricity on the surface of the skin. The suit reads this change with its **supersensitive** sensor and **activates** the motors on its joints that are necessary for that particular movement.

Although you cannot yet buy this suit at local stores, it is going to be applied to many areas of **social services**, the building industry, and **emergency rescue activities**, etc. For example, it can assist people with weak leg muscles to walk steadily. **Manual workers** may be able to pick up heavy objects easily without getting tired.

(Adapted from *Reader's Ark Basic*, Yuji Ushiro et al., Kinseido, 2015)

(注) fascinate 魅了する                                 voltage 電圧  
supersensitive 超高感度の                            activate 動かす  
social services 社会福祉事業                        emergency rescue activities 緊急救助活動  
manual workers 肉体労働者

1. 文中の(1)、(2)、(3)に入る語として最も適当なものを、それぞれ a～dの中から選び、記号で答えなさい。

- |     |              |           |            |           |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| (1) | a. and       | b. but    | c. nor     | d. or     |
| (2) | a. how       | b. what   | c. where   | d. why    |
| (3) | a. According | b. Saying | c. Telling | d. Thanks |

2. 次の a)～e)の文で、本文の内容と合っているものを T、異なっているものを Fとして、解答欄に書きなさい。

- a) If you wear a Robot Suit Hal, you can fly in the air.
- b) The voltage of the electricity of your body hardly changes if you move a muscle.
- c) Robot Suit Hal may be used in hospitals and social welfare institutions.
- d) You can lift heavy things easily wearing this robot suit.
- e) Firefighters may use the robot suits, when they rescue people from a fire.

3. 下線部(4)は、どういうことを言っているのか、最も適当なものを a)～d)の中から選び、記号で答えなさい。

- a) 脳から神経信号が送られ皮膚の表面の電圧が変化する際に、それを読み取ること。
- b) 超高感度のセンサーが脳に付いていて、それが脳を読み取ること。
- c) 筋肉を動かすのに必要な、関節に付いているモーターの動きを読み取ること。
- d) 筋肉を動かそうとする時に神経信号が脳を読み取ること。

問5. [英作文] 今までに経験した中で楽しかった経験を、50語～80語の英語で書きなさい。(複数の経験を書いてもよい。)